REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE FORMER CLINTON COUNTY SHERIFF

For The Year Ended December 31, 2003



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE FORMER CLINTON COUNTY SHERIFF

For The Year Ended December 31, 2003

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the former Clinton County Sheriff's audit for the year ended December 31, 2003. Based upon the audit work performed, except for the effects of any matters that might have been disclosed if we had been provided management representations and legal representations, the financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues, expenditures, and excess fees in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting.

Financial Condition:

Excess fees decreased by \$18,302 from the prior calendar year, resulting in excess fees of \$3,382 as of December 31, 2003. Revenues increased by \$9,099 from the prior year and expenditures increased by \$27,401.

Liabilities

As of December 31, 2003, the former Clinton County Sheriff's fee account had unpaid obligations of \$62,392 consisting of:

- \$37,303 to U.S. Treasurer for federal tax withholdings and matching
- \$5,584 to Kentucky State Treasurer for state tax withholdings (\$181) and carrying concealed deadly weapon license (\$5,403)
- \$1,877 to Kentucky Law Enforcement Foundation Program Fund for overpayment of grant
- \$17,169 net amount due the tax account
- \$459 to other vendors

Report Comments:

- The Former Sheriff Has A Deficit Of \$23,522 In His Official Fee Account As Of December 31, 2003
- The Current Sheriff Should Deposit Money Received For Restitution In Escrow Account
- The Former Sheriff Should Not Have A Shortage In His 2003 Fee Account
- The Former Sheriff Should Pay Excess Fees Of \$45,585 To County Treasurer For Calendar Years 2000, 2001, 2002, And 2003
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Properly Reported Wages And Withholdings
- The Former Sheriff's Office Should Have Submitted A Report To The Fiscal Court For Reimbursement Of Employer's Share Of FICA In A Timely Manner
- The Former Sheriff's Office Should Have Withheld Health Insurance Premiums From Employees'
 Wages
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Prepared An Annual Settlement
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Obtained Reimbursement From State For Expenses In A Timely Manner
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Properly Remitted Carrying Concealed Deadly Weapon Permits
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Required Timesheets For All Employees
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Prepared And Submitted Quarterly Financial Reports To Kentucky Governor's Office For Local Development

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE FORMER CLINTON COUNTY SHERIFF For The Year Ended December 31, 2003 (Continued)

Report Comments: (Continued)

- The Former Sheriff Should Have Issued Pre-numbered Receipts On All Revenues Received
- The Former Sheriff's Office Lacked Adequate Segregation Of Duties
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Improved Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Litigation:

- On July 21, 2000, Clinton County legal counsel, on behalf of the Clinton County Fiscal Court and Clinton County Taxing Districts, filed a lawsuit in Franklin Circuit Court against former Clinton County Sheriff Kay Riddle and his bonding companies, Great American Insurance Company and United Pacific Insurance Company. This lawsuit sought to recover \$58,797 owed the Clinton County Fiscal Court and Clinton County Taxing Districts per audit reports for Sheriff's Settlement 1997 Taxes and Sheriff's Settlement 1998 Taxes. As of July 3, 2004, the former Sheriff had paid the following amounts included in the \$58,797: \$227 to the Kentucky State Treasurer and \$28,807 to the Clinton County Board of Education. In August 2004, this lawsuit was "settled by a compromise agreement reached among the parties. Under the terms of that agreement, former Sheriff Kay Riddle and one of his bonding companies, Great American Insurance Company, paid \$74,938 to the Clinton County Fiscal Court for itself and other specified taxing districts in Clinton County. The total figure included outstanding taxes from 1997 and 1998, plus interest and penalties on those amounts through August 31, 2004. The Fiscal Court also recovered certain court costs." The Clinton County Treasurer has properly distributed the settlement proceeds to the taxing districts.
- On December 11, 2000, legal counsel on behalf of former Clinton County Sheriff Kay Riddle filed a lawsuit in Clinton Circuit Court against the former Clinton County Judge/Executive in her official capacity. On January 6, 2003, the lawsuit transferred against the new Clinton County Judge/Executive in his official capacity. This lawsuit seeks to recover \$53,814 due from the Clinton County Fiscal Court per audit report for Clinton County Sheriff Calendar Year 1999. These funds represent Sheriff's salary, employer's share of FICA, and unemployment insurance contributions. The suit's outcome cannot be predicted at this time.
- On November 5, 2004, Clinton County legal counsel, on behalf of the Clinton County Fiscal Court and Clinton County Taxing Districts, filed a lawsuit in Clinton Circuit Court against former Clinton County Sheriff Kay Riddle and his bonding company, Ohio Casualty Insurance Company. This lawsuit seeks to recover \$78,951 owed the Clinton County Fiscal Court and Clinton County Taxing Districts per audit reports for Sheriff's Settlement 2001 Taxes and Sheriff's Settlement 2002 Taxes. In addition, this lawsuit seeks to recover \$42,403 owed the Clinton County Fiscal Court in excess fees per the audit report for Clinton County Sheriff For The Year Ended December 31, 2002. In April 2004, the former Sheriff paid the following amount included in the \$78,951: \$52,464 to the Clinton County Board of Education. The suit's outcome cannot be predicted at this time.

Deposits:

The former Sheriff's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE FORMER CLINTON COUNTY SHERIFF For The Year Ended December 31, 2003 (Continued)

Restitution:

On February 22, 2005, Cynthia Moreland, former Sheriff's office manager, plead guilty to four counts of theft. The Clinton County Circuit Court ordered restitution of \$45,159 to be paid through the Circuit Court Clerk with an initial payment of \$10,000 and monthly payments of \$200 with the entire balance to be paid in full within five years. As of August 18, 2005, the Clinton Circuit Court Clerk has collected \$11,000 from Ms. Moreland on the court-ordered restitution of \$45,159 and has paid this money over to the current Clinton County Sheriff, Ricky Riddle. \$14,066 of the restitution should be used to pay the former Sheriff's liabilities for calendar year 2003.

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CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Donnie McWhorter, Clinton County Judge/Executive Honorable Ricky Riddle, Clinton County Sheriff Honorable Kay Riddle, Former Clinton County Sheriff Members of the Clinton County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying statement of revenues, expenditures, and excess fees regulatory basis of the former County Sheriff of Clinton County, Kentucky, for the year ended December 31, 2003. This financial statement is the responsibility of the former County Sheriff. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

Except as discussed in the fourth paragraph, we conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for County Fee Officials</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, the County Sheriff's office prepares the financial statement on a regulatory basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The former Clinton County Sheriff, Kay Riddle, did not return management representations to us. In addition, the former Sheriff's legal counsel did not provide us with a legal representation letter. Management representations and legal representations are required by auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, except for the effects of any matters that might have been disclosed if we had been provided management and legal representation letters, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues, expenditures, and excess fees of the former County Sheriff for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting.



The Honorable Donnie McWhorter, County Judge/Executive Honorable Ricky Riddle, Clinton County Sheriff Honorable Kay Riddle, Former Clinton County Sheriff Members of the Clinton County Fiscal Court

The \$23,522 deficit as of December 31, 2003, includes \$70,513 of receivables that are due from fiscal court. The former Sheriff has filed a lawsuit to recover \$53,814 of these receivables from the Clinton County Fiscal Court based on our 1999 audit report. These funds represent Sheriff's salary, employer's share of FICA, and unemployment insurance contributions. Since this lawsuit is still in the discovery stages, no possible outcome can be predicted at this time. The deficit reported above will increase if the former Sheriff loses any part of this lawsuit.

The schedule of excess of liabilities over assets is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statement. Such information has been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, in our opinion, except for the effects of any matters that might have been disclosed if we had been provided management representations and legal representations, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statement taken as a whole.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued a report dated August 18, 2005, on our consideration of the former County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we have presented the accompanying comments and recommendations, included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

- The Former Sheriff Has A Deficit Of \$23,522 In His Official Fee Account As Of December 31, 2003
- The Current Sheriff Should Deposit Money Received For Restitution In Escrow Account
- The Former Sheriff Should Not Have A Shortage In His 2003 Fee Account
- The Former Sheriff Should Pay Excess Fees Of \$45,585 To County Treasurer For Calendar Years 2000, 2001, 2002 And 2003
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Properly Reported Wages And Withholdings
- The Former Sheriff's Office Should Have Submitted A Report To The Fiscal Court For Reimbursement Of Employer's Share Of FICA In A Timely Manner
- The Former Sheriff's Office Should Have Withheld Health Insurance Premiums From Employees' Wages
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Prepared An Annual Settlement
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Obtained Reimbursement From State For Expenses In A Timely Manner
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Properly Remitted Carrying Concealed Deadly Weapon Permits
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Required Timesheets For All Employees
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Prepared And Submitted Quarterly Financial Reports To Kentucky Governor's Office For Local Development
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Issued Pre-numbered Receipts On All Revenues Received
- The Former Sheriff's Office Lacked Adequate Segregation Of Duties
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Improved Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The Honorable Donnie McWhorter, County Judge/Executive Honorable Ricky Riddle, Clinton County Sheriff Honorable Kay Riddle, Former Clinton County Sheriff Members of the Clinton County Fiscal Court

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the former County Sheriff and Fiscal Court of Clinton County, Kentucky, and the Commonwealth of Kentucky and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these interested parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed -August 18, 2005

CLINTON COUNTY KAY RIDDLE, FORMER COUNTY SHERIFF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2003

Revenues

Federal Lake Patrol		\$ 8,268
State - Kentucky Law Enforcement Foundation Program Fund (KLEFPF)		8,977
State Fees For Services: Finance and Administration Cabinet Cabinet For Human Resources Sheriff Security Service	\$ 3,134 70 6,762	9,966
Circuit Court Clerk: Fines and Fees Collected Court Ordered Payments	\$ 982 300	1,282
Fiscal Court		11,954
County Clerk - Delinquent Taxes		1,124
Commission On Taxes Collected		75,861
Fees Collected For Services: Auto Inspections Accident and Police Reports Other Arrest Fees Serving Papers Serving Papers - Other Counties County Court Costs Sheriff's Advertising Fees Sheriff's 10% Add-On Fees Carrying Concealed Deadly Weapon Permits Miscellaneous	\$ 4,240 78 570 9,580 735 4,760 1,030 14,221 1,620 55	36,889
Other: Court-Ordered Sheriff's Sale		6,500
Interest Earned		427
Total Revenues		\$ 161,248

CLINTON COUNTY

KAY RIDDLE, FORMER COUNTY SHERIFF

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2003 (Continued)

Expenditures

Operating Expenditures and Capital Outlay:	
Personnel Services-	
Deputies' Salaries	\$ 131,363
Employee Benefits-	
Employer's Share Social Security	7,796
Employer's Share Retirement - KLEFPF	579
Employer Paid Employee's Portion Of Health Insurance	920
Contracted Services-	
Contract Labor	5,700
Materials and Supplies-	
Office Materials and Supplies	1,486
Uniforms	2,307
Auto Expense-	
Gasoline	11,147
Maintenance and Repairs	1,941
Other Charges-	
Court Costs to Fiscal Court	4,760
Postage	88
Bond	2,989
Travel Expense	1,064
Carrying Concealed Deadly Weapon Permits	1,733
Court-Ordered Sheriff's Sale	6,500
IRS/State/Occupational Tax Penalties and Interest	1,475
Bank Charges	42
Miscellaneous	1,184
Capital Outlay-	
Office Equipment	 375
Total Expenditures (Carried Forward)	\$ 183,449

CLINTON COUNTY

KAY RIDDLE, FORMER COUNTY SHERIFF

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2003 (Continued)

Expenditures (Continued)

Operating Expenditures and Capital Outlay: (Continued)

Total Expenditures (Brought Forward)		\$ 183,449
Less: Disallowed Expenditures		
Undocumented Expenditures	\$ 3,952	
IRS/State/Occupational Tax Penalties and Interest	1,475	
Employer Paid Employee's Portion Of Health Insurance	920	
Former Deputy Sheriff's Excess Salary Payments	18,094	
Employer's Share Social Security - Former Deputy		
Sheriff's Excess Salary Payments	 1,142	25,583
Total Allowable Expenditures		\$ 157,866
Excess Fees Due County for Calendar Year 2003		\$ 3,382

The former Sheriff, Kay Riddle, received a salary of \$59,199 directly from the Clinton County Fiscal Court for 2003.

CLINTON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2003

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of revenues over expenditures to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

B. Basis of Accounting

Kentucky Revised Statute (KRS) 64.820 directs the fiscal court to collect any amount, including excess fees, due from the County Sheriff as determined by the audit. KRS 134.310 requires the County Sheriff to settle excess fees with the fiscal court at the time he files his final settlement with the fiscal court.

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this regulatory basis of accounting revenues and expenditures are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive) at December 31 that may be included in the excess fees calculation:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2003 services
- Reimbursements for 2003 activities
- Tax commissions due from December tax collections
- Payments due other governmental entities for payroll
- Payments due vendors for goods or services provided in 2003

The measurement focus of a fee official is upon excess fees. Remittance of excess fees is due to the County Treasurer in the subsequent year. A schedule of excess of liabilities over assets is included in this report as a supplemental schedule. The schedule indicates the cumulative effect of prior year deficits.

C. Cash and Investments

At the direction of the fiscal court, KRS 66.480 authorizes the County Sheriff's office to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Note 2. Employee Retirement System

The county officials and employees have elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members.

Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5.0 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 6.34 percent for the first six months of the year and 7.34 percent for the last six months of the year.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report which is a matter of public record. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement System, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 3. Deposits

The former Sheriff maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). According to KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the Sheriff and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met, and as of December 31, 2003, the former Sheriff's deposits were fully insured or collateralized at a 100% level with collateral of pledged securities held by the former Sheriff's agent in the former Sheriff's name.

Note 4. Receivables

The former Clinton County Sheriff is due a receivable of \$70,513 from the Clinton County Fiscal Court

During calendar year 1999, the Sheriff's office fee account did not earn enough money to fund \$42,481 of the Sheriff's salary. KRS 64.535 states that "[t]he . . . sheriff shall . . . receive a monthly salary of one-twelfth (1/12) of the amount indicated by the salary schedule in KRS 64.5275." This statute mandates that the Sheriff is entitled to receive his statutory maximum salary, even if his office fails to generate sufficient fees and other revenues to cover all allowable expenses of his office, including the expense of the sheriff's maximum salary as set out in the

Note 4. Receivables (Continued)

salary schedule in KRS 64.5275. Thus, because the Sheriff's office had a revenue shortfall for calendar year 1999 and was unable to pay all allowable expenses for calendar year 1999, out of fees and other revenues generated by his office, it is the responsibility of the fiscal court to provide funding for the former Sheriff's 1999 statutory maximum salary.

In addition, the former Sheriff is due a refund of \$28,032 from the fiscal court for the following:

Employer's Share of FICA -	
1998 Fees	\$ 8,335
1999 Fees	10,682
2003 Fees	6,654
Unemployment Insurance -	
1998 Fees	586
1999 Fees	651
Overpayment of Employer's Share of	
Retirement - 1999 Fees	 1,124
Total	\$ 28,032

Note 5. Litigation

- A. On July 21, 2000, Clinton County legal counsel, on behalf of the Clinton County Fiscal Court and Clinton County Taxing Districts, filed a lawsuit in Franklin Circuit Court against former Clinton County Sheriff Kay Riddle and his bonding companies, Great American Insurance Company and United Pacific Insurance Company. This lawsuit sought to recover \$58,797 owed the Clinton County Fiscal Court and Clinton County Taxing Districts per audit reports for Sheriff's Settlement 1997 Taxes and Sheriff's Settlement 1998 Taxes. However, as of July 3, 2004, the former Sheriff had paid the following amounts included in the \$58,797: \$227 to the Kentucky State Treasurer and \$28,807 to the Clinton County Board of Education. In August 2004, this lawsuit was "settled by a compromise agreement reached among the parties. Under the terms of that agreement, Kay Riddle and one of his bonding companies, Great American Insurance Company, paid \$74,938 to the Clinton County Fiscal Court for itself and other specified taxing districts in Clinton County. The total figure included outstanding taxes from 1997 and 1998, plus interest and penalties on those amounts through August 31, 2004. The Fiscal Court also recovered certain court costs." The Clinton County Treasurer has properly distributed the settlement proceeds to the taxing districts.
- B. On December 11, 2000, legal counsel on behalf of former Clinton County Sheriff Kay Riddle filed a lawsuit in Clinton Circuit Court against the former Clinton County Judge/Executive in her official capacity. On January 6, 2003, the lawsuit transferred against the new Clinton County Judge/Executive in his official capacity. This lawsuit seeks to recover \$53,814 due from the Clinton County Fiscal Court per audit report for Clinton County Sheriff Calendar Year 1999. These funds represent Sheriff's salary, employer's share of FICA, and unemployment insurance contributions. The suit's outcome cannot be predicted at this time.

Note 5. Litigation (Continued)

C. On November 5, 2004, Clinton County legal counsel, on behalf of the Clinton County Fiscal Court and Clinton County Taxing Districts, filed a lawsuit in Clinton Circuit Court against former Clinton County Sheriff Kay Riddle and his bonding company, Ohio Casualty Insurance Company. This lawsuit seeks to recover \$78,951 owed the Clinton County Fiscal Court and Clinton County Taxing Districts per audit reports for Sheriff's Settlement - 2001 Taxes and Sheriff's Settlement - 2002 Taxes. In addition, this lawsuit seeks to recover \$42,403 owed the Clinton County Fiscal Court in excess fees per the audit report for Clinton County Sheriff For The Year Ended December 31, 2002. However, in April 2004, the former Sheriff paid the following amount included in the \$78,951: \$52,464 to the Clinton County Board of Education. The suit's outcome cannot be predicted at this time.

Note 6. Explanation of December 31, 2003 Deficit

The \$23,522 cumulative deficit as of December 31, 2003 resulted from the following transactions:

Prior Year Cumulative Deficit	\$ (25,488)
Disallowed Disbursements:	
Undocumented Expenditures	(3,952)
IRS/State/Occupational Tax Penalties and Interest	(1,475)
Employer Paid Employee's Portion of	
Health Insurance	(920)
Former Deputy Sheriff's Excess Salary Payments	(18,094)
Employer's Share Social Security - Former	
Deputy Sheriff's Excess Salary Payments	(1,142)
Undeposited Receipts - 2003	(2,213)
Settlement From Bonding Company For 1997 and 1998 Tax Audits	
Applied To Tax Account Liability From Prior Years	29,762
Net Deficit as of December 31, 2003	\$ (23,522)

The prior year deficit reported as of December 31, 2002 was \$25,979. We have restated this amount to a prior year deficit of \$25,488. Payables were misstated by \$491 in the prior year computation.

Note 7. Restitution

During the 2003 tax collection period, the former Sheriff notified the Kentucky State Auditor's Office that a theft had occurred in his tax account. The Kentucky State Police conducted an investigation of this matter resulting in the prosecution of Cynthia Moreland, former office manager of Clinton County Sheriff's office, for four counts of theft by unlawful taking or disposition over \$300 in the amount of \$14,066 for the 2003 fee account, \$19,593 for the January 1, 2004 through September 30, 2004 fee account, \$3,700 for 2003 tax collections, and \$7,800 for 2002 tax collections. On February 22, 2005, Cynthia Moreland pled guilty to these charges. The Clinton County Circuit Court ordered restitution of \$45,159 to be paid through the Circuit Court Clerk with an initial payment of \$10,000 and monthly payments of \$200 with the entire balance to be paid in full within five years. As of August 18, 2005, the Clinton Circuit Court Clerk has collected \$11,000 from Ms. Moreland on the court-ordered restitution of \$45,159 and has paid this money over to the current Clinton County Sheriff, Ricky Riddle. \$14,066 of the restitution should be used to pay the former Sheriff's liabilities for calendar year 2003.

SCHEDULE OF EXCESS OF LIABILITIES OVER ASSETS - REGULATORY BASIS

CLINTON COUNTY KAY RIDDLE, FORMER COUNTY SHERIFF SCHEDULE OF EXCESS OF LIABILITIES OVER ASSETS - REGULATORY BASIS

December 31, 2003

Bank Overdraft Deposits in Transit Collected Receivables Receivables:					\$ (11,474) 110 102,099
Net Amount Due From Clinton County Fiscal Court					 2,034
Total Assets					\$ 92,769
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Paid Obligations:					
Outstanding Checks					\$ 1,009
Liabilities Paid After December 31					52,890
Unpaid Obligations:			\$	27 202	
U.S. Treasurer - Federal Withholdings & Matching Kentucky State Treasurer-			Э	37,303	
State Withholdings	\$	181			
Carrying Concealed Deadly Weapon License Fees	Ψ	5,403		5,584	
Kentucky Law Enforcement Foundation	-	3,103		3,301	
Program Fund- Overpayment of Grant				1,877	
Net Amount Due Tax Account				17,169	
Other Vendors-				17,107	
Law Enforcement Equipment	\$	119			
Vehicle Maintenance and Repairs		340		459	
Total Unpaid Obligations					 62,392
Total Liabilities					\$ 116,291
Total CumulativeFund Deficit as of December 31, 2003 Restitution Ordered By Court To Be Paid By Cynthia Moreland:					\$ (23,522)
Calendar Year 2003	milu.				 14,066
Net Cumulative Fund Deficit as of December 31, 2003					\$ (9,456)





CLINTON COUNTY KAY RIDDLE, FORMER COUNTY SHERIFF COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2003

FEDERAL/STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS:

1) The Former Sheriff Has A Deficit Of \$23,522 In His Official Fee Account As Of December 31, 2003

Based upon available records there was a \$23,522 deficit in the former Sheriff's official fee account as of December 31, 2003. This results from a current year deficit of \$27,796 and a prior year cumulative deficit of \$25,488 reduced by funds of \$29,762 received from the bonding company for amounts included as due to the tax account for 1998 and 1999 commissions. This was a paper transaction only to clear up the liability on the books. The actual cash received from the bonding company was paid to the taxing districts by the fiscal court. The current year deficit of \$27,796 resulted from undeposited receipts of \$2,213 and disallowed expenditures of \$25,583. The disallowed expenditures consisted of \$3,952 of undocumented expenditures, \$1,475 of penalties and interest on employer's returns, \$920 of employer paid employee's portion of health insurance, \$18,094 of excess salary payments to former deputy sheriff, and \$1,142 of employer's share social security on excess salary payments to former deputy sheriff.

The computation of the deficit includes an assumption of the collection of \$70,513 of receivables that are due from the fiscal court. The former Sheriff has filed a lawsuit to recover \$53,814 of these receivables from the Clinton County Fiscal Court based on our 1999 audit report. These funds represent Sheriff's salary, employer's share of FICA, and unemployment insurance contributions. Since this lawsuit is still in the discovery stages, no possible outcome can be predicted at this time. If the former Sheriff loses any part of this lawsuit, his deficit will increase.

Since Cynthia Moreland, former Clinton County Sheriff's office manager, has been ordered to pay restitution to the former Sheriff's official fee account for calendar year 2003 of \$14,066 related to the excess salary payments, we recommend that the former Sheriff eliminate the remaining deficit of \$9,456 with a deposit of personal funds.

Former Sheriff's Response:

None.

2) The Current Sheriff Should Deposit Money Received For Restitution In Escrow Account

During the 2003 tax collection period, the former Sheriff notified the Kentucky State Auditor's Office that a theft had occurred in his tax account. The Kentucky State Police conducted an investigation of this matter resulting in the prosecution of Cynthia Moreland, former office manager of Clinton County Sheriff's office, for four counts of theft by unlawful taking or disposition over \$300 in the amount of \$14,066 for the 2003 fee account, \$19,593 for the January 1, 2004 through September 30, 2004 fee account, \$3,700 for 2003 tax collections, and \$7,800 for 2002 tax collections. On February 22, 2005, Cynthia Moreland pled guilty to these charges. The Clinton County Circuit Court ordered restitution of \$45,159 to be paid through the Circuit Court Clerk with an initial payment of \$10,000 and monthly payments of \$200 with the entire balance to be paid in full within five years.

FEDERAL/STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS: (Continued)

2) <u>The Current Sheriff Should Deposit Money Received For Restitution In Escrow Account</u> (Continued)

As of August 18, 2005, the Clinton Circuit Court Clerk had collected \$11,000 from Ms. Moreland on the court-ordered restitution of \$45,159 and had paid this money over to the current Clinton County Sheriff, Ricky Riddle. We recommend that the current Sheriff Ricky Riddle deposit this money into an escrow account until the money can be distributed. \$14,066 of the restitution should be used to pay the former Sheriff's liabilities for calendar year 2003.

Former Sheriff's Response:

None.

3) The Former Sheriff Should Not Have A Shortage In His 2003 Fee Account

KRS 522.050 states:

- (1) A public servant who is entrusted with public money or property by reason of holding public office or employment, exercising the functions of a public officer or employee, or participating in performing a governmental function, is guilty of abuse of public trust when:
 - (a) He or she obtains public money or property subject to a known legal obligation to make specified payment or other disposition, whether from the public money or property or its proceeds; and
 - (b) He or she intentionally deals with the public money or property as his or her own and fails to make the required payment or disposition.
- (2) A public servant is presumed:
 - (a) To know any legal obligation relative to his or her criminal liability under this section; and
 - (b) To have dealt with the public money or property as his or her own when:
 - 1. He or she fails to account upon lawful demand; or
 - 2. An audit reveals a shortage or falsification of accounts.

The former Sheriff had a shortage of \$23,522 in his 2003 fee account as of December 31, 2003, which is comprised of undeposited 2003 receipts and disallowed expenditures.

Former Sheriff's Response:

FEDERAL/STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS: (Continued)

4) The Former Sheriff Should Pay Excess Fees Of \$45,585 To The County Treasurer For Calendar Years 2000, 2001, 2002, And 2003

During calendar years 2000, 2001, 2002, and 2003 the former Sheriff's fee account had excess fees of \$6,907, \$13,612, \$21,684 and \$3,382, respectively. We recommend that the former Sheriff pay the County Treasurer total excess fees of \$45,585.

Former Sheriff's Response:

None.

5) The Former Sheriff Should Have Properly Reported Wages And Withholdings

Former Sheriff Kay Riddle failed to properly report wages and withholdings to the County Employees Retirement System, the Internal Revenue Service, the Kentucky Department of Revenue, and the Clinton County Occupational Tax Administrator.

a) Retirement

KRS 78.610 requires employees of a participating county to contribute 5% of his or her compensation to the County Employees Retirement System (CERS). The Sheriff reports retirement wages and withholdings to the Clinton County Treasurer. He also pays retirement withholdings to the County Treasurer.

The County Treasurer then reports and pays retirement to CERS. On March 22, 2001, the Clinton County Fiscal Court voted that "[r]etirement withholding check and information from sheriff to treasurer shall be submitted by the eighth of each month." However, for calendar year 2003, retirement wages of \$17,141 and retirement withholdings of \$460 were not reported to the County Treasurer. In addition, retirement information was not reported in a timely manner to the County Treasurer.

The Sheriff is also required to pay the County Treasurer the employer's share of retirement for the wages reimbursed from the Kentucky Law Enforcement Foundation Program Fund (KLEFPF). The former Sheriff did not pay \$579 of the employer's share of retirement for KLEFPF wages to the County Treasurer.

As of December 31, 2003, the former Clinton County Sheriff's office owes the County Treasurer \$10,218 for retirement withholdings and employer's share of retirement. This amount includes the following amounts: \$452 for 1997 fees, \$2,024 for 1998 fees, \$1,756 for 1999 fees, \$2,168 for 2000 fees, \$1,068 for 2001 fees, \$1,711 for 2002 fees, and \$1,039 for 2003 fees. In addition, as of December 31, 2003, the Clinton County Fiscal Court owed the balance of \$1,124 to the former Sheriff's office for overpayment of the employer's share of retirement for 1999 fees. The former Sheriff should have reported and paid employees' retirement wages and withholdings to the County Treasurer by the eighth of each month. Also, the former Sheriff should have properly paid employer's share of retirement reimbursed from KLEFPF to the County Treasurer.

FEDERAL/STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS: (Continued)

5) The Former Sheriff Should Have Properly Reported Wages And Withholdings (Continued)

b) Federal

26 USCA § 3402 states that ". . . every employer making payment of wages shall deduct and withhold upon such wages. . ." federal income taxes. In addition, 26 USCA § 3102 requires every employer to withhold FICA from wages. Every employer is required by federal law to file each quarter an Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). This return should include total wages for all employees, income tax withheld from all wages, and FICA withheld. The former Sheriff did not make any federal deposits on wages earned after April 2003 as required by federal law. In addition, Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Returns were not filed timely for calendar year 2003.

As of December 31, 2003, the former Clinton County Sheriff's office owed the Internal Revenue Service \$37,303 for federal withholdings, FICA withholdings, and employer's share of FICA. This amount includes the following amounts: \$20,881 for 2001 fees and \$16,422 for 2003 fees. The former Sheriff should have properly reported all wages and withholdings to the IRS on the Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Returns on a timely basis. The former Sheriff should have also made federal deposits on a timely basis.

c) State

KRS 141.310 states that ". . .every employer making payment of wages on or after January 1, 1971, shall deduct and withhold upon the wages. . ." state income taxes. KRS 141.330 requires every employer to file on or before the last day of the month following the close of each quarterly period a return reporting the tax withheld for that quarter. This return should include total wages for all employees and Kentucky income tax withheld. As of December 31, 2003, the former Clinton County Sheriff's office owed the Kentucky Revenue Cabinet \$181 for state withholdings. This amount includes the following amounts: \$144 for 2001 fees and \$37 for 2003 fees. The former Sheriff should have accurately reported and paid all wages and state withholdings to the Kentucky Department of Revenue on a timely basis.

d) County

Clinton County Fiscal Court Ordinance No. 1999-OLFTAX states that "...effective April 1, 1999 the THREE FOURTHS OF ONE PERCENT Occupational License Fee Ordinance 1999-OLFTAX applies to all individuals, employers, partnerships, corporations, and businesses in Clinton County." This ordinance requires every employer to "...withhold THREE FOURTHS OF ONE PERCENT license fee from gross wages, salaries, and commissions paid to employees for services performed within Clinton County." The employer is to file a return of occupational tax which reports license fees withheld from employees on a quarterly basis. This return should include total wages of all employees and license fees withheld. However, for calendar year 2003, the former Sheriff did not report all wages to the Clinton County Occupational Tax Administrator.

FEDERAL/STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS: (Continued)

- 5) The Former Sheriff Should Have Properly Reported Wages And Withholdings (Continued)
- d) County (Continued)

As of December 31, 2003, the former Clinton County Sheriff's office owed the Clinton County Occupational Tax Administrator \$836 for license fees withheld. This total includes the following amounts: \$224 for 1999 fees, \$178 for 2000 fees, \$372 for 2001 fees, and \$62 for 2003 fees. The former Sheriff's office should have reported and paid all wages and license fees withheld to the Clinton County Occupational Tax Administrator on a timely basis.

We are referring these matters to the County Employees Retirement System, the Internal Revenue Service, and the Kentucky Department of Revenue for further action.

Former Sheriff's Response:

None.

6) The Former Sheriff's Office Should Have Submitted A Report To The Fiscal Court For Reimbursement Of Employer's Share Of FICA In A Timely Manner

OAG 68-51 opines that the fiscal court must pay the employer's share of FICA contributions for the county sheriff's deputies and assistants. On March 22, 2001, the Clinton County Fiscal Court voted "that information on the Sheriff payroll shall be provided to the county treasurer two days after payroll is issued. The County Treasurer shall issue a check to the Sheriff for Social Security and Medicare match one day after receiving information." During calendar year 2003, the former Sheriff did not submit any reports to fiscal court for reimbursement of employer's share of FICA. The former Sheriff should have submitted a report to the Fiscal Court for reimbursement of employer's share of FICA two days after payroll is issued.

Former Sheriff's Response:

FEDERAL/STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS: (Continued)

7) The Former Sheriff's Office Should Have Withheld Health Insurance Premiums From Employees' Wages

In February 2003, the fiscal court voted to pay for a single health insurance plan for all county employees with the exception of \$40 per month, which should be withheld from the employee's payroll check. In our review of the payroll of the former Sheriff's Office for calendar year 2003 only \$280 was withheld on employees' wages; however, the former Sheriff's Office paid \$1,200 to the County Treasurer. In accordance with KRS 61.405(2), the Sheriff's Office may not purchase health insurance for its employees if the fiscal court, as of the last day of the fiscal year (i.e., June 30, 2003) is providing health insurance to the Sheriff's Office employees, as county employees; therefore, health insurance premiums of \$920 have been disallowed as these premiums should have been withheld from his employees' wages during calendar year 2003.

Former Sheriff's Response:

None.

8) The Former Sheriff Should Have Prepared An Annual Settlement

The former Sheriff did not prepare an annual settlement as required by KRS 134.310(5). KRS 134.310(5) requires sheriffs to file an annual settlement with the fiscal court when he files his yearly tax settlement, with September 1 being the latest date to file. The former Sheriff should have complied with this statute by preparing, and filing an annual settlement within the proper time period.

Former Sheriff's Response:

None.

9) The Former Sheriff Should Have Obtained Reimbursement From State For Expenses In A Timely Manner

The Sheriff is allowed to obtain reimbursement from the Commonwealth of Kentucky for certain expenses. Some of these expenses are waiting on the court, transporting prisoners, and return of fugitives. Former Sheriff Kay Riddle did not obtain reimbursement for these expenses for calendar year 2003 until September 2004. The former Sheriff should have obtained reimbursement from the state for expenses in a timely manner.

Former Sheriff's Response:

FEDERAL/STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS: (Continued)

10) The Former Sheriff Should Have Properly Remitted Carrying Concealed Deadly Weapon Permits

KRS 237.110(4) requires the Sheriff to collect a \$60 fee for each Carrying Concealed Deadly Weapon (CCDW) Permit. Former Sheriff Kay Riddle was required to submit \$40 of the \$60 collected to the Kentucky State Treasurer for the Department of State Police (\$20) and Administrative Office of the Courts (\$20). As of December 31, 2003, the former Clinton County Sheriff's office owed the Kentucky State Treasurer \$5,403 for CCDW license fees. This includes the following amounts: \$160 for calendar year 1998, \$640 for calendar year 1999, \$1,875 for calendar year 2000, \$1,115 for calendar year 2001, \$658 for calendar year 2002 and \$955 for calendar year 2003. The former Sheriff should have made proper payments to the Kentucky State Treasurer.

Former Sheriff's Response:

None.

11) The Former Sheriff Should Have Required Timesheets For All Employees

KRS 337.320 states, "[e]very employer shall keep a record of: (a) the amount paid each pay period to each employee; (b) the hours worked each day and each week by each employee; and (c) such information as the secretary requires." The former Sheriff did not comply with this statute. During the test of payroll, we observed no timesheets were being maintained. The former Sheriff should have complied with KRS 337.320.

Former Sheriff's Response:

None.

12) The Former Sheriff Should Have Prepared And Submitted Quarterly Financial Reports To Kentucky Governor's Office For Local Development

The Kentucky Governor's Office For Local Development (GOLD) Instructional Guide For County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual requires all sheriffs to prepare quarterly financial reports and submit the reports "by the 30th day following the close of each quarter" to GOLD, Office of the Governor, Commonwealth of Kentucky. The former Sheriff's office did not prepare or submit any quarterly financial reports to GOLD for calendar year 2003. The former Sheriff should have complied with GOLD requirements to prepare and submit quarterly financial reports for each quarter.

Former Sheriff's Response:

FEDERAL/STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS: (Continued)

13) The Former Sheriff Should Have Issued Pre-numbered Receipts On All Revenues Received

During our testing of revenues, we noted the former Sheriff did not issue pre-numbered receipts for all payments received from the Fiscal Court, the County Clerk and the State. The former Sheriff should have issued pre-numbered receipts for all revenues received by his office as required by KRS 64.840.

Former Sheriff's Response:

None.

INTERNAL CONTROL - REPORTABLE CONDITIONS AND MATERIAL WEAKNESSES:

14) The Former Sheriff's Office Lacked Adequate Segregation Of Duties

The former Sheriff's office had a lack of segregation of duties. Due to the entity's diversity of official operations, small size and budget restrictions the official had limited options for establishing an adequate segregation of duties. The former Sheriff could have implemented compensating controls to offset this internal control weakness.

Former Sheriff's Response:

None.

15) The Former Sheriff Should Have Improved Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce, to a relatively low level the risk, that material errors in the financial statement may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. During the audit of the former Sheriff's office for calendar year 2003, we noted the following:

- The former Sheriff did not issue pre-numbered receipts for all revenues received.
- The former Sheriff did not record all receipts on a daily checkout sheet nor were daily checkouts reconciled to bank deposits. In addition, receipts were not deposited intact daily nor were deposits made timely.
- The former Sheriff did not properly reconcile the bank account.
- The former Sheriff did not have a receipts ledger for calendar year 2003.
- Quarterly financial reports were not prepared or submitted to the Kentucky Governor's Office for Local Development.
- The former Sheriff did not request reimbursement for the employer's share of FICA in a timely manner.
- No time reports were maintained.
- The former Sheriff should have reviewed the definition of an employee.
- The former Sheriff should not have allowed advancements in payroll.

INTERNAL CONTROL - REPORTABLE CONDITIONS AND MATERIAL WEAKNESSES: (Continued)

15) The Former Sheriff Should Have Improved Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

- Supporting documentation for all expenditures should have been maintained in the former Sheriff's office.
- Court costs collected for fiscal court were not paid to fiscal court on a monthly basis.
- The former Sheriff should have requested reimbursements from the state for expenses in a timely manner.
- Employee's share of health insurance premiums was not withheld from employee's wages.

The former Sheriff should have placed procedures in operation so that internal control over financial reporting was improved and accurate financial records were maintained.

Former Sheriff's Response:

None.

PRIOR YEAR COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

In the prior year audit report, the following comments and recommendations were reported and not corrected:

- The Sheriff Should Not Have A Deficit Of \$25,979 In His Official Fee Account As Of December 31, 2002
- The Sheriff Should Pay Excess Fees Of \$42,403 To County Treasurer For Calendar Years 2000, 2001 And 2002
- The Sheriff Should Maintain Deputy Sheriff Salaries Within Maximum Amount Set By Fiscal Court
- The Sheriff Should Properly Report Wages And Withholdings
- The Sheriff's Office Should Submit A Report To The Fiscal Court For Reimbursement Of Employer's Share Of FICA In A Timely Manner
- The Sheriff Should Prepare And Publish An Annual Settlement
- The Sheriff Should Obtain Reimbursement From State For Expenses
- The Sheriff Should Properly Remit Carrying Concealed Deadly Weapon Permits
- The Sheriff Should Require Timesheets For All Employees
- The Sheriff Should Prepare And Submit Quarterly Financial Reports To Department For Local Government
- Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties
- The Sheriff Should Improve Internal Control Over Financial Reporting



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Donnie McWhorter, Clinton County Judge/Executive Honorable Kay Riddle, Former Clinton County Sheriff Honorable Ricky Riddle, Clinton County Sheriff Members of the Clinton County Fiscal Court

Report On Compliance And On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the statement of revenues, expenditures, and excess fees – regulatory basis of the former Clinton County Sheriff for the year ended December 31, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated August 18, 2005. The former Sheriff's financial statement was prepared in accordance with a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The opinion was qualified because we were not provided with management representations and legal representations as required by auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Except as discussed in the prior sentences, we conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the former Clinton County Sheriff's financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2003, is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> which are described in the accompanying comments and recommendations.

- The Former Sheriff Has A Deficit Of \$23,522 In His Official Fee Account As Of December 31, 2003
- The Current Sheriff Should Deposit Money Received For Restitution In Escrow Account
- The Former Sheriff Should Not Have A Shortage In His 2003 Fee Account
- The Former Sheriff Should Pay Excess Fees Of \$45,585 To County Treasurer For Calendar Years 2000, 2001, 2002 And 2003
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Properly Reported Wages And Withholdings
- The Former Sheriff's Office Should Have Submitted A Report To The Fiscal Court For Reimbursement Of Employer's Share Of FICA In A Timely Manner
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Withheld Health Insurance Premiums From Employees' Wages
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Prepared An Annual Settlement



Report on Compliance And On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Governmental Auditing Standards (Continued)

Compliance (Continued)

- The Former Sheriff Should Have Obtained Reimbursement From State For Expenses In A Timely Manner
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Properly Remitted Carrying Concealed Deadly Weapon Permits
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Required Timesheets For All Employees
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Prepared And Submitted Quarterly Financial Reports To Kentucky Governor's Office For Local Development
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Issued Pre-numbered Receipts On All Revenues Received

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the former Clinton County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the entity's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statement. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying comments and recommendations.

- The Former Sheriff's Office Lacked Adequate Segregation Of Duties
- The Former Sheriff Should Have Improved Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statement being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe all of the reportable conditions described above are be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Governor's Office for Local Development and should not be used by anyone other than the specified party.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed -August 18, 2005